



Herbicide + PeptiGro[®] Compatibility Study in Soybeans

(University of Missouri) - Technical Report No. 2021.4

Author

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Executive Summary

NF Protein LLC funded faculty at University of Missouri to evaluate the physical and functional compatibility of PeptiGro[®] with 10 commonly used herbicides in soybeans. Physical compatibility study was conducted in the laboratory and functional herbicide compatibility study was conducted in small plot field environments to determine the effectiveness of herbicide-specific weed control between herbicide-only" vs. "herbicide + PeptiGro[®]" on both selected grass and broadleaf weeds. These studies determined that adding PeptiGro[®] to commonly used herbicides in soybean was physically compatible with all herbicide solutions evaluated and PeptiGro[®] had no impact on the effectiveness of respective-herbicide weed control.

Objectives

The objectives of this research study were to:

- Evaluate physical mixing compatibility in the laboratory of 10 commonly used soybean post emergence foliar herbicides when tank mixed with PeptiGro[®] vs. respective herbicide *per se* mixed in water.
- 2) Evaluate herbicide effectiveness *per se* vs. herbicides tank mixed with PeptiGro[®] for agronomic effectiveness of weed control and rate of weed kill over time. The dose rate used for each herbicide was the normally recommended rate for weed control in soybeans. PeptiGro dose rate was 1 quart/ac.
- Evaluate the impacts of herbicide only vs. herbicide + PeptiGro on grain moisture, grain test weight, and grain yield (bu./ac. @15%).

PeptiGro[®] Product

Amino acids are the building blocks of plant proteins. PeptiGro[®] is a liquid mixture of beneficial amino acids and short-chain polypeptides that helps plants maximize yield in a variety of favorable and unfavorable environments, like times of stress from drought, heat, and herbicide injury. PeptiGro[®] is an exciting, new, proactive tool to use in your foliar and in-furrow fertilizer program. Based on PeptiGro[®] yield performance measured with >10,000 data points in 71 corn and 71 soybean trials across 10 States in 2020 and 2021, PeptiGro[®] provides a 2+ bu./ac. benefit in corn and a 1+ bu./ac. benefit in soybeans and can be applied as a standalone product in-furrow or foliar applied or can be tank mixed with herbicides, fungicides, and other foliar fertilizers.

Implementation

Study was conducted near Columbia, MO in 2021 on soybeans (Glycine max, MorSoy 3710E/Asgrow AG38XF1 with attributes of E3/Xtendflex resistant) on silt loam soil (name was Mexico silt loam with 2.3% OM, pH 6.2, and CEC of 10.5 meg/100g) using a planting density of 155,000 seeds/ac. for soybean in 30-inch row spacing. Foliar applications were applied at 15 gal./ac. volume using a compressed CO₂ backpack sprayer at V5 stage (~38 days after emergence; avg. Common water hemp (Amaranthus tamariscinus) height was 4 inches; avg. Common water hemp density was 8/m², avg. Cocklebur (Xanthium strumarium) height was 6 inches, avg. Cocklebur density was 30/m², avg. Giant foxtail (Setaria faberi) was 6 inches, and avg. Giant foxtail density was 6/m²). In the trial, Common water hemp, Cocklebur, and Giant foxtail were assessed at 7, 21, and 35 days after application (DPA) to determine the effectiveness of soybean-specific herbicide weed control (0-100% complete weed control) for "herbicide only (Control)" vs. "herbicide + PeptiGro®" treatments.

Experimental Design & Treatments

SPLIT-PLOT DESIGN: Main Factor A (Soybean Herbicides) and Sub-Factor B (Herbicide-only (Control) vs. Herbicide + PeptiGro®). Trial had 8 replications. Herbicides [3] and [4] were positioned to far left columns in trial and herbicides [7] and [8] were positioned to far right columns in trial.

Factor	Level	Herbicide	Rate/A
А	1	Roundup (glyphosate) 2 QT/A	
А	2	Enlist One (2,4-D) 1 QT/A	
А	3	Liberty (glufosinate) 1 QT/A	
А	4	DiFlex (dicamba) 10 FL OZ/A	
А	5	SelectMax (clethodim) 16 FL OZ/A	
А	6	Classic (clorimuron)	0.66 FL OZ/A
А	7	Pursuit (imazethapyr) 4 FL OZ/A	
А	8	Cobra (lactofen) 12 FL OZ/A	
А	9	Flexstar (fomesafen) 21 FL OZ/A	
А	10	FirstRate (cloransulam-methyl) 6 FL OZ/A	
В	1	Control (herbicide only) As above	
В	2	+ PeptiGro [®] (tank mixed with herbicide) 1 QT/A	

List of Treatments in Soybean Trial (University of Missouri)

TRT No.	Effect	Level	Herbicide
1	factor B[factor A]	[1]1	Roundup (glyphosate) - Control
2	factor B[factor A]	[1]2	Roundup (glyphosate) + PeptiGro [®]
3	factor B[factor A]	[2]1	Enlist One (2,4-D) - Control
4	factor B[factor A]	[2]2	Enlist One (2,4-D) + PeptiGro [®]
5	factor B[factor A]	[3]1	Liberty (glufosinate) - Control
6	factor B[factor A]	[3]2	Liberty (glufosinate) + PeptiGro®
7	factor B[factor A]	[4]1	DiFlex (dicamba) - Control
8	factor B[factor A]	[4]2	DiFlex (dicamba) + PeptiGro®
9	factor B[factor A]	[5]1	SelectMax (clethodim) - Control
10	factor B[factor A]	[5]2	SelectMax (clethodim) + PeptiGro [®]
11	factor B[factor A]	[6]1	Classic (clorimuron) - Control
12	factor B[factor A]	[6]2	Classic (clorimuron) + PeptiGro®
13	factor B[factor A]	[7]1	Pursuit (imazethapyr) - Control
14	factor B[factor A]	[7]2	Pursuit (imazethapyr) + PeptiGro [®]
15	factor B[factor A]	[8]1	Cobra (lactofen) - Control
16	factor B[factor A]	[8]2	Cobra (lactofen) + PeptiGro [®]
17	factor B[factor A]	[9]1	Flexstar (fomesafen) - Control
18	factor B[factor A]	[9]2	Flexstar (fomesafen) + PeptiGro [®]
19	factor B[factor A]	[10]1	FirstRate (cloransulam- methyl) - Control
20	factor B[factor A]	[10]2	FirstRate (cloransulam- methyl) + PeptiGro [®]

Soybean Field Plot Layout. TRT No. is lower number in cells; 8 REPs and empty white cells represent border plots surrounding trial.



Physical Compatibility Measurements

There were no physical compatibility issues observed.

Field Data Measurements

The following characteristics were evaluated to determine the effectiveness of herbicide-specific weed control between herbicide-only" vs. "herbicide + PeptiGro[®]" on both selected grass and broadleaf weeds:

- 1. STANDCNT_V2: total plant number in center 2 rows of 4-row plot at V2 stage.
- 2. VIGOR: rating 0-9 (index/scale) taken at V2 stage.
- 3. MAX.WHORL HEIGHT_V5: average maximum leaf whorl height of 5 plants in row 1 at V5 stage.
- 4. Common water hemp (*Amaranthus tamariscinus*) was assessed at 7, 21, and 35 days after application (DPA): measured as a rating 0-100% relative to 100% complete weed control.
- 5. Cocklebur (*Xanthium strumarium*) was assessed at 7, 21, and 35 days after application (DPA): measured as a rating 0-100% relative to 100% complete weed control.
- 6. Giant foxtail (*Setaria faberi*) was assessed at 7, 21, and 35 days after application (DPA): measured as a rating 0-100% relative to 100% complete weed control.
- 7. Grain Moisture (MOICON): 0-100% moisture content of seed.
- 8. Grain Yield: BU/A @13%

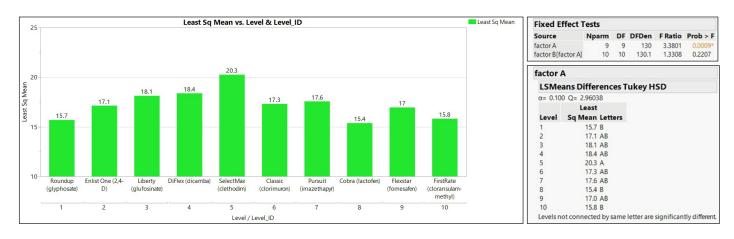
Statistical Analysis

Outliers were determined and values converted to missing data points by the Box-Whisker definition where an outlier is defined as a data point that is located above 1.5 times the upper 75th percentile or located 1.5 times below the lower 25th percentile. Data were analyzed with SAS JMP v.16 Statistical Software using Restricted Maximum Likelihood (REML) method to estimate Fit Model variance components. Tukey HSD test (alpha 0.1) was performed to compare individual mean differences for main Factor A (herbicides) and for Subfactor B (herbicide-only as Control vs. herbicide + PeptiGro®). LSMean_(0.1) values and Treatment Fixed Effects Prob(F) values are presented. Treatment means not sharing a Letter in common are significantly different. For measuring significance of Factor B effects (± PeptiGro®), compare Letters within common Factor A (herbicide) level.

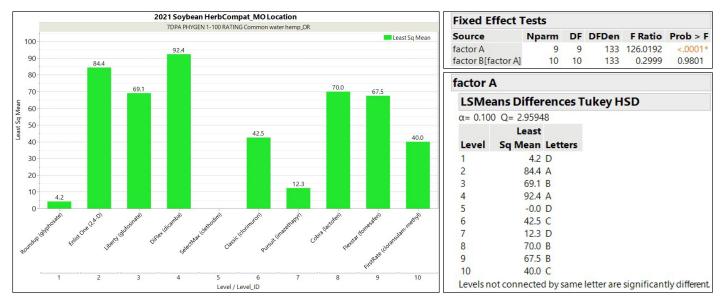
Results

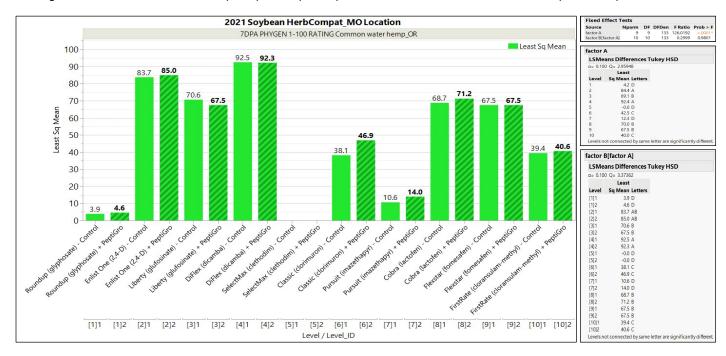
Field Data Measurements

1. STANDCNT_V2. Significant herbicide effect (Factor A) shown below, and non-significant PeptiGro[®] effect (Factor B, nested in Factor A) data not shown.



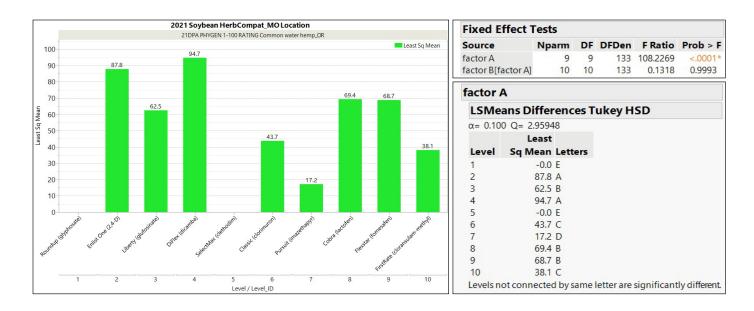
- 2. VIGOR. All plots were rated as 5 out of 1-9 index/scale (statistics not applicable).
- 3. MAX.WHORL HEIGHT_V5. Non-significant herbicide effect (Factor A) and non-significant PeptiGro[®] effect (Factor B, nested in Factor A). Data not shown.
- 4. Herbicide control of Common water hemp (*Amaranthus tamariscinus*) was assessed at 7, 21, and 35 days after application (DPA) using 0-100% rating with 100% being complete weed control.
 - a. Common water hemp @ 7 DPA Significant Herbicide Effect (Factor A).



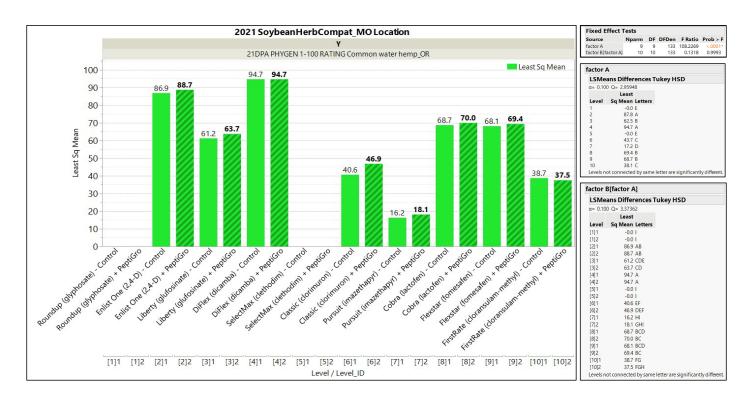


b. Common water hemp @ 7 DPA – Non-Significant PeptiGro[®] Effect (Factor B nested in Factor A). For measuring significance of Factor B effects (± PeptiGro[®]), compare Letters within common Factor A (herbicide) level.

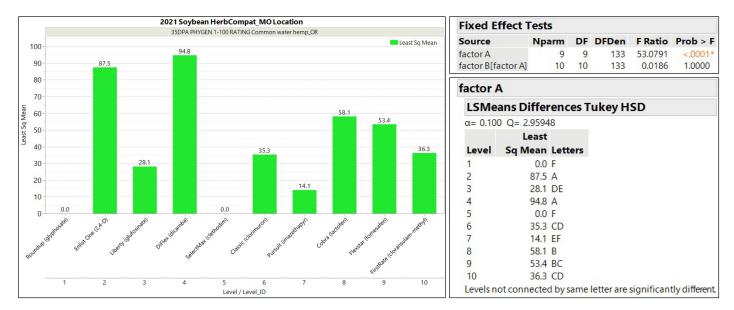
c. Common water hemp @ 21 DPA - Significant Herbicide Effect (Factor A).



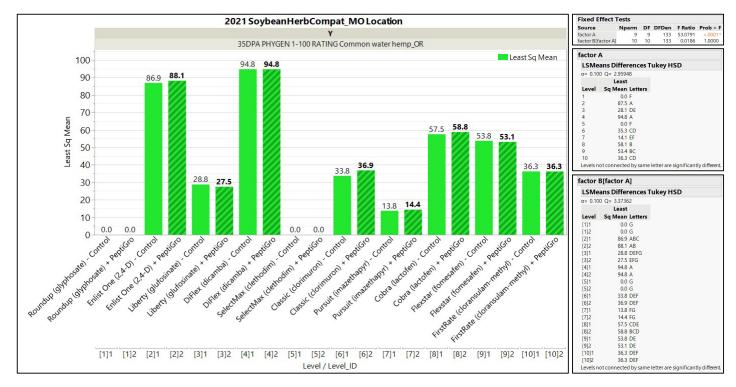
d. Common water hemp @ 21 DPA – **Non-Significant PeptiGro**[®] **Effect** (Factor B nested in Factor A). For measuring significance of Factor B effects (± PeptiGro[®]), compare Letters within common Factor A (herbicide) level.



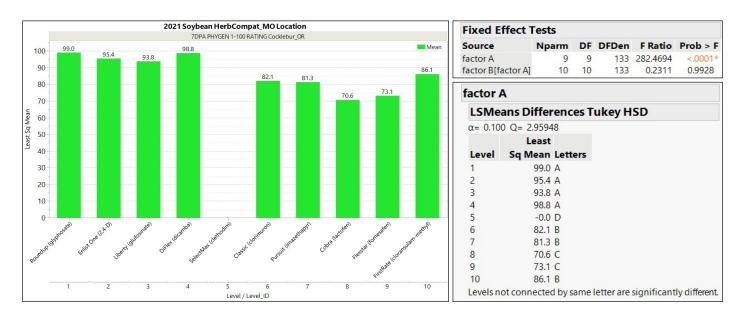
e. Common water hemp @ 35 DPA - Significant Herbicide Effect (Factor A).

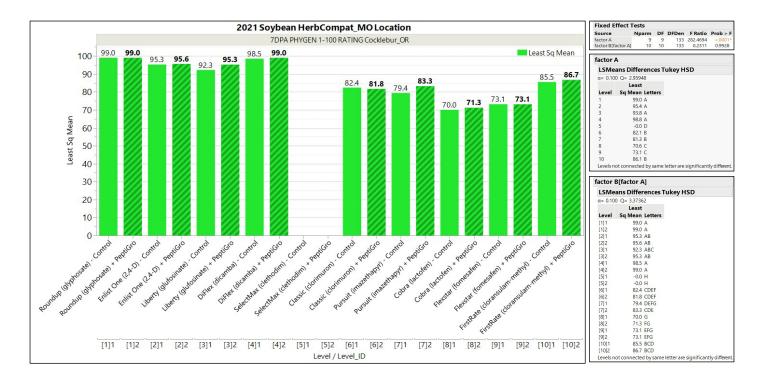


f. Common water hemp @ 35 DPA – Non-significant PeptiGro[®] Effect (Factor B nested in Factor A). For measuring significance of Factor B effects (± PeptiGro[®]), compare Letters within common Factor A (herbicide) level.



- 5. Cocklebur (*Xanthium strumarium*) was assessed at 7, 21, and 35 days after application (DPA): measured as a rating 0-100% relative to 100% complete weed control.
 - a. Cocklebur @ 7 DPA Significant Herbicide Effect (Factor A).

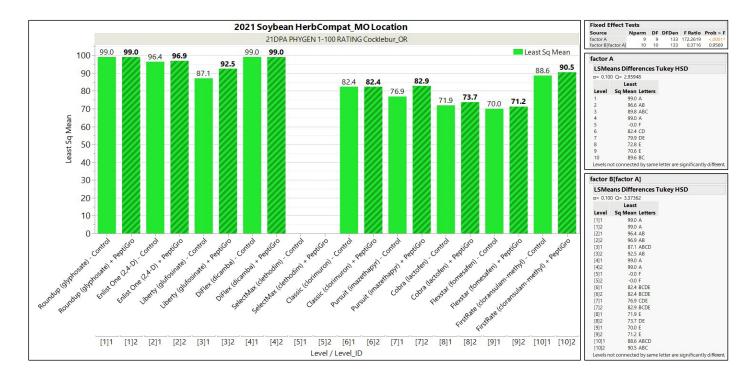




b. Cocklebur @ 7 DPA – Non-Significant PeptiGro[®] Effect (Factor B nested in Factor A). For measuring significance of Factor B effects (± PeptiGro[®]), compare Letters within common Factor A (herbicide) level.

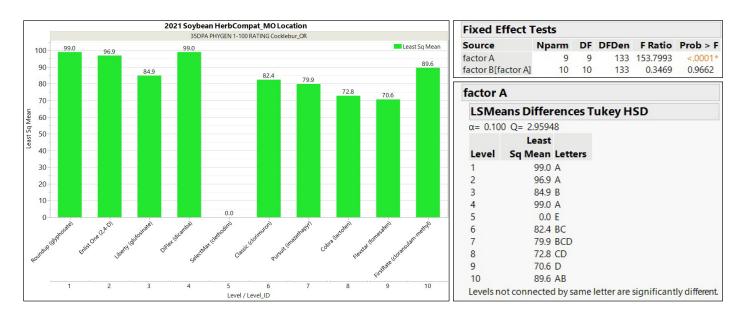
2021 Soybean HerbCompat_MO Location **Fixed Effect Tests** 21DPA PHYGEN 1-100 RATING Cocklebur OR Source Nparm DF DFDen F Ratio Prob > F 99.0 Least So Mean 99.0 100 factor A 9 9 133 172.2619 <.0001 89.8 89.6 90 factor B[factor A] 0.3716 0.9569 10 10 133 82.4 79.9 80 72.8 factor A 70.6 70 LSMeans Differences Tukey HSD Mean 60 α= 0.100 Q= 2.95948 Least Sq 50 Least 40 Sq Mean Letters Level 30 99.0 A 1 96.6 AB 2 20 3 89.8 ABC 10 99.0 A 4 Cobra lacoleni 0 stone 24.01 Liber Hubbinae 5 -0.0 F ante. Pursuit (materia Diffex laicat 6 82.4 CD ecthaticleth Flex5tar Home 7 79.9 DE 72.8 E 8 FirstRate 9 70.6 E 10 89.6 BC 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different. Level / Level_ID

c. Cocklebur @ 21 DPA - Significant Herbicide Effect (Factor A).



d. Cocklebur @ 21 DPA – **Non-Significant PeptiGro® Effect** (Factor B nested in Factor A). For measuring significance of Factor B effects (± PeptiGro®), compare Letters within common Factor A (herbicide) level.

e. Cocklebur @ 35 DPA - Significant Herbicide Effect (Factor A).

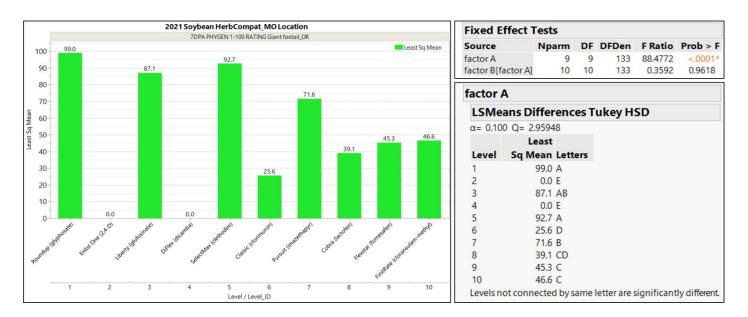


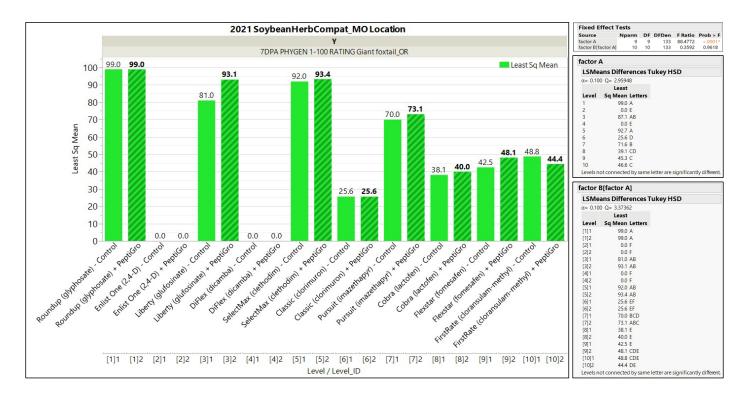
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- f. Cocklebur @ 35 DPA **Non-Significant PeptiGro[®] Effect** (Factor B nested in Factor A). For measuring significance of Factor B effects (± PeptiGro[®]), compare Letters within common Factor A (herbicide) level.

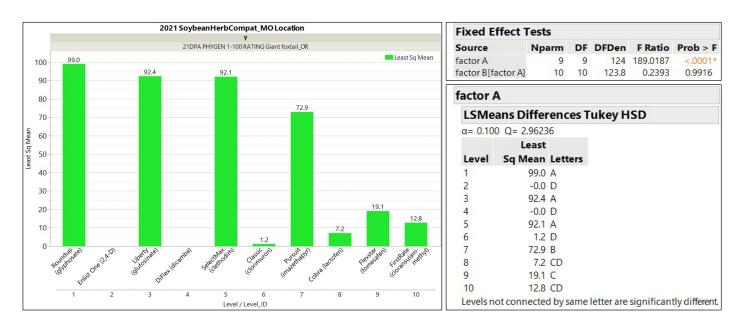
- 6. Giant foxtail (*Setaria faberi*) was assessed at 7, 21, and 35 days after application (DPA): measured as a rating 0-100% relative to 100% complete weed control
 - a. Giant foxtail @ 7DPA significant herbicide effect (Factor A).





b. Giant foxtail @ 7DPA – Non-Significant PeptiGro[®] Effect (Factor B nested in Factor A). For measuring significance of Factor B effects (± PeptiGro[®]), compare Letters within common Factor A (herbicide) level.

c. Giant foxtail @ 21 DPA - Significant Herbicide Effect (Factor A).

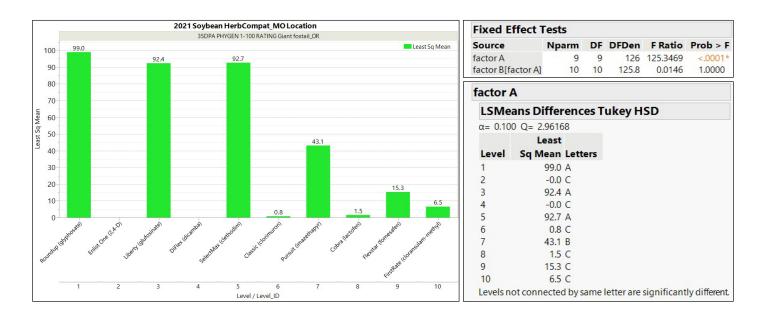


- Fixed Effect Tests 2021 SoybeanHerbCompat_MO Location
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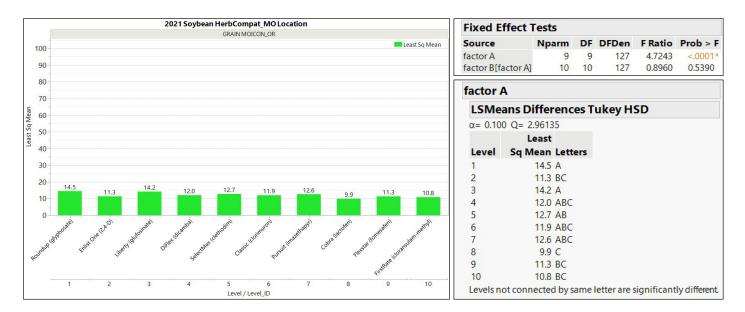
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- d. Giant foxtail @ 21 DPA **Non-Significant PeptiGro**[®] **Effect** (Factor B nested in Factor A). For measuring significance of Factor B effects (± PeptiGro[®]), compare Letters within common Factor A (herbicide) level.

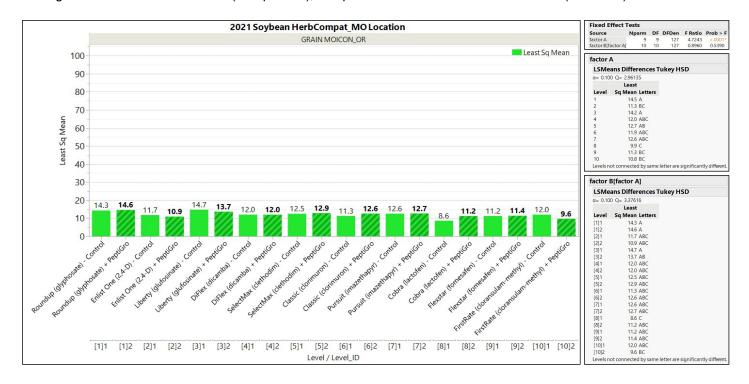
e. Giant foxtail @ 35 DPA - Significant Herbicide Effect (Factor A).



- Fixed Effect Tests 2021 SoybeanHerbCompat_MO Location Nparm DF DFDen F Ratio Prob > I Source factor A factor B[factor A] 9 9 126 125.3469 <.0001 10 10 125.8 0.0146 1.0000 35DPA PHYGEN 1-100 RATING Giant foxtail_OR factor A 99.0 99.0 Least Sq Mean 100 LSMeans Differences Tukey HSD 93.5 92.5 92.2 91.9 a= 0.100 Q= 90 Least Sq Mean Letters 80 99.0 A -0.0 C 92.4 A -0.0 C 70 Least Sq Mean 92.7 A 0.8 C 60 43.1 B 1.5 0 50 15.3 C 43.7 42.5 6.5 C 40 are significantly diffe 30 factor B[factor A] LSMeans Differences Tukey HSD 20 15.6 15.0 a= 0.100 Q= 3.3767 Least 10 Sq Mean Letters 5.8 Classic Leointucon Control Enget Contraction of the section Rondup of Monage * Rendero Enter One 24.00 Control Etile One CAD * People's Libert Guldonneel Control iber during the Period Diffeet distantial control or offet dicatean Period and Cassi Clothermont Perform parent (material) (control DUBLIK UNDERFORM * BEDIESO 1.5 Cate Indoen Control Case lacoten * peptico 1.5 1.5 99.0 A 99.0 A -0.0 C 92.2 A 92.5 A -0.0 C 91.9 A 93.5 A -0.0 C 1.5 C 42.5 B 43.7 B 1.5 C 1 [1]1 [1]2 [2]1 [2]2 [3]1 [3]2 [4]1 [4]2 [5]1 [6]2 [7]1 [7]2 [8]1 [8]2 [9]1 [9]2 [10]1 [10]2 methy Control esatem contro * PeptiGro * PeptiGro ndup (Hyprosate) Hestartlonesalen Flexstarton FirstRate clovane FirstRate Loran [1]1 [1]2 [2]1 [2]2 [3]1 [3]2 [4]1 [4]2 [5]1 [5]2 [6]1 [6]2 [7]1 [7]2 [8]1 [8]2 [9]1 [9]2 [10]1 [10]2 Level / Level_ID connected by same letter are significantly diff
- f. Giant foxtail @ 35 DPA **Non-Significant PeptiGro**[®] **Effect** (Factor B nested in Factor A). For measuring significance of Factor B effects (± PeptiGro[®]), compare Letters within common Factor A (herbicide) level.

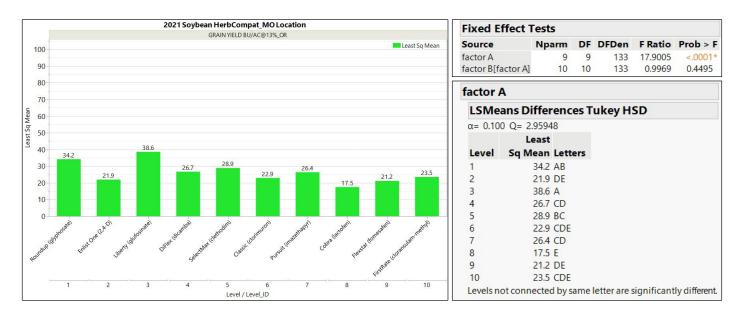
- 7. Grain Moisture (MOICON): 0-100% moisture content of seed.
 - a. Grain Moisture (MOICON) Significant Herbicide Effect (Factor A).





b. Grain Moisture (MOICON) – Non-Significant PeptiGro® effect (Factor B, nested in Factor A). For measuring significance of Factor B effects (± PeptiGro[®]), compare Letters within common Factor A (herbicide) level.

- Grain Yield. Significant herbicide effect (Factor A) and non-significant PeptiGro[®] effect only 8 REPs; (Factor B, nested in Factor A; data not shown; for PeptiGro[®] yield performance in 2020 and 2021 across 71 corn trials in 10 states, refer to PeptiGro[®] brochure on Cibari Biosciences website).
 - a. GRAIN YIELD BU/AC@13%_OR Significant Herbicide Effect (Factor A). Note: low soybean yields in MO due to severe drought in 2021.



Conclusions from this Trial

Ten commonly used soybean herbicides (Factor A in trial design) differed in their ability to control Common water hemp, Cocklebur, and Giant foxtail (measured at 7, 21, and 35 DPA). Tank mixing of PeptiGro[®] with each of the 10 different soybean herbicides was physically compatible and results from a field study showed PeptiGro[®] (Factor B in trial design) had no impact on the functional ability of 10 herbicides to control weeds. Degree of weed control for herbicides *per se* was significantly different and subsequent weed pressure levels impacted grain yields. See other herbicide + PeptiGro compatibility studies in corn and soybeans on cibaribiosciences.com website.

Key Conclusions across all 4 different Herbicide + PeptiGro[®] Compatibility Studies (corn and soybean studies at Purdue University and corn and soybean studies at University of Missouri)

- In each study, PeptiGro[®] was physically compatible when tank-mixed with each herbicide tested.
- In each study, main effect of herbicide (Factor A) was significant; indicating that corn and soybean herbicides differed in their ability to control weeds and degree of weed control significantly impacted subsequent grain yields.
- In each study, PeptiGro[®] effect (Factor B, nested in Factor A) was non-significant for all agronomic variables measured including degree of herbicide weed control taken 3 times between 7-35 DPA; indicating that PeptiGro[®] had no impact on the functional ability of each herbicide to control target weeds.
- Individual study reports can be downloaded on cibaribiosciences.com.